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A STUDY OF ADOPTED BUSINESS TERMS FROM ENGLISH INTO THE UZBEK LANGUAGE

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Abstract: Business is an essential part of the country to be developed. So, terms which are used in business should be researched. The article illustrates some terms which are used in business and some special words that are used in some subgroups of business.

Key words: Linguistic (linguistic) and non-linguistic (extralinguistic) factors, business terms, subgroups of business.

INTRODUCTION

As the nation develops, its language also changes and develops. Over the years, many things, areas are discontinued or changed. Moreover, these used items are replaced by their equivalents. We can observe the changes of the language and its terms over the years. These changes represent not only a change in words, but also a change in the objects these words represent. Structural study of terms, it is studied by dividing them into simple, artificial and compound words style. The structural study of words is lexicology. It is very close to the study of the system of word formation. The origin of compound words and compound words is a certain word related to the methods of making. For example, affixation and composition methods, as well as absorption and contraction methods they cause the emergence of certain terms. Word methods of formation and their quantity are unique in all languages limited. These methods are used in different ways. If a language is unique to it methods are common, while other methods are common in other languages is used. This depends on the grammatical features of the language. However, there is no many grammatical changes when there is a change in the composition of the term.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

It should be noted that almost all scientists who have dealt with the issue of terms have tried to give a definition of this concept. Not only all of them, but some of them as examples would take many pages. Therefore, summing them up, the concept of "term" can be defined as follows: a term is a word used in the process of knowing and mastering some objects that express and shape the professional concept and the relationships between them from the point of view of specific professions. This can be considered as a combination of words in a special area. Many scholars all around the world have been studying the terms which illustrate business, Moreover, as the business becoming wider and wider, terms are also getting improved. So, linguists are searching on the terms. Because every field, network has a term that is used within that field, network, to be more precise, shapes the speech of the owner of the profession, creates conditions for mutual speech. At this point, it should be noted that people with a certain profession or specialty often work with special terms specific to this or that field. For example, in the written or oral speech of businessmen and traders, it is natural to use terms that are used only in a narrow circle, such as cartel, clearing, trade, petty business, allocation of funds, rent. It is self-evident that such terms are far from business and economy, is not used in the speech of a professional. At the same time, there are a number of economic terms that are frequently used in the speech of almost all speakers of a certain language: market, goods, trade, trade, money, buyer, marketer, trader, speculator, etc.

Terminology formed on the basis of the laws of the lexicon of the Uzbek literary language lexical history of the Old Turkic language (VII-X) terminology, old Terminology of Turkic language (XI-XIV), old Uzbek literary language (XV-XX centuries beginning) terminology, terminology of the Uzbek language of the Shura era and independence Periodization in the style of Uzbek language terminology is about fourteen centuries old intralinguistic and extralinguistic in terminological lexical system over time, it allows to understand the process that happened on the basis of factors.

RESEARCH AND DISCUSSION

Before talking about business terms, some ideas about business should be given. The term business refers to an organization or enterprising entity engaged in commercial, industrial, or professional activities. The aim of a business is to organize some sort of economic production (of goods or services). Businesses can

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be for profit entities or non-profit organizations fulfilling a charitable mission or furthering a social cause. Businesses range in scale and scope from sole proprietorships to large, international corporations.

Business also refers to the efforts and activities undertaken by individuals to produce and sell goods and services for profit.

The study of business terms is one of the relatively new fields, which began to be studied as a separate field by many scholars in the late nineteenth century.

However, if we look at history, we can witness that business has gained its own importance in different forms in different times from the beginning of mankind to the present day. Because as long as humanity exists, services are exchanged with each other in various fields, and we can say that this is a form of business.

Many branches of business have been established in our country and they are developing day by day. As the business gets improved, so do the terms used in it would be improved too. For example, let's look at the "trade" business in the following. If we look at the history of terms related to trade, we can come across many historical words. Of course, there are modern forms of these words, and these terms are rarely used in speech. For example, it is no exaggeration to say that the term "bozor" (in Uzbek) is considered to be the longest-lived among business terms, and it is still the most used term among trade terms. Although this term was the most used word to represent trade in the past centuries, we can see its new appearance today in the terms "bozor" (used in Uzbek) and "marketing" (used and still is being used in English).

We can give many examples of business terms that are common today. For example: online sales, marketing, stock exchange, banking.

There are many branches of business, and each branch has its own special terms used. For example, words used in sewing or manufacturing business such as "sewing machine, thread, needle, sewing machine, advertisement, brand, brand, market, customer, buyer, and consumer" and many other have been used in this industry for centuries. Manufacturing business also has many sub-sectors, if it is raw material production, it includes "material, commodity, trade, raw material, finished material, commodity" and others. If the type of business is food production, this sector includes many terms such as "food, fruits and vegetables, semi-prepared foods, spices, flour, oil, protein, carbohydrates" and many others. In addition, many areas of business use specific terms. However, there are words and terms that can be used in every business field, and we can use them in every subgroup. Businessman, businesswoman, entrepreneurship, market, marketing, buyer, consumer, seller, delivery service, production, commodity, profit, loss and many other terms are widely used in every field of business.

It is impossible not to include the terms related to business and commerce among the above layers, because recognizing the humanity of a person, he first encountered the concept of "economy". To be more precise, everyone who thought about the future of life first thought about finding something and caring for it, how to use it, how to save it, and acted on this basis. Some of them are Uzbek words, and some of them are directly imported from other languages and used in our language.

CONCLUSION

Economy has been an integral part of society since the beginning of humanity. In the most ancient times, with the growth of the individual, then the clan, and gradually the state and society, economic processes also begin to play an important role. Therefore, development cannot be imagined without economy. Along with economic organizations, institutions and movements, the study of the economy does not escape the attention of linguists and translators. There are many branches of business and each branch has its own terms. For example, tourism, manufacturing, hotel business, trade business, food business. Business tourism works with many business corporations: hotels network, professionally integrated trade in many countries organizers of fairs and exhibitions, business centers.

It is known that business is developing rapidly in Uzbekistan today. It is one of the industries that is growing and makes a significant contribution to the country's economy is considered. Each field has its own terminology. Also tourism terminology also occupies a large place in the Uzbek terminological system. His Linguistic (linguistic) and non-linguistic (extralinguistic) factors are distinguished in its enrichment.

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