

DEVELOPMENT OF SMALL BUSINESS AND PRIVATE ENTREPRENEURSHIP IN THE SERVICE SECTOR

Saidmurodov Mamur Tairovich

Assistant., Department of food and agriculture economics

Samarkand branch of Tashkent State University of Economics, Uzbekistan, Samarkand

e-mail mtsaidmurodov@yahoo.com

Annotation: This article analyzes the organizational and economic indicators of the development of small business and private entrepreneurship in the service sector. In addition, the subsequent adopted legal and regulatory documents on the development of the industry, their content and essence, and scientific recommendations are presented.

Keywords: service delivery, small business and private entrepreneurship, organizational and economic impact, government regulation, economic impact theory.

Introduction. It is known that small business and private entrepreneurship have become a very important sphere in the socio-economic development of our country for a short period of almost 30 years after independence. In fact, if the share of small business in GDP was 1,8 percent in 1991 and 31,0 percent in 2000, the share of small business in gross domestic product in our country by the end of 2021 was 54,9 percent as a result of the attention paid to the sector over the years and the systematic and comprehensive As a result of the structural and targeted reforms carried out in the country, by the end of 2021, the share of the employed in the total economy was 77,1 per cent in the sector, and a favorable business climate was formed in the Republic with the macroeconomic aspect giving the opportunity to ensure the stable development of the country's economy, In the report "Doing business - 2019" presented by the World Bank, Uzbekistan in the rating rose from 87 to 69. Over the last year, Uzbekistan has been ranked among the 10 most advanced reforming countries, having conducted reforms in at least three areas and rising to the top of the rating.

Within the framework of this article, we will look at the organizational and economic implications of ICT development in the service and service sector and the issues of their improvement. Also, according to the results of 2021, it is precisely the uneven and disproportionate development of the small business and entrepreneurship sector in the regions of the Republic, the availability of opportunity to develop this sector in places especially with the effective use of family entrepreneurial potential and reserves, the share of small business and entrepreneurship in the economy of the Republic, In the Navoi region (23.0 per cent of Navoi region) it is necessary to investigate the issues of improving organizational and economic policies for the further development of services and small business in the regions.

The main task of supporting small business in countries moving from the administrative-command system to the market economy is to increase the number of subjects of the sphere, the size of the sphere in the economy, its share in the number of items in the economy, the tax revenues coming from the sphere.

However, it is worth noting that the professor of entrepreneurship and Small Business Economics, doctor of Economic Sciences According to S.Salaev's comments, in any country or

region, in the network of the economy, the share of the SBPE in macroeconomic indicators can not be steadily increased, or in other words, the share of the SBPE can grow to 100 percent in a certain sphere or network, theoretically, in the region, due to this or that situation, specific characteristics. In practice, however, this situation is very rare because in the economy, of course, to a certain extent, the role of large businesses is also preserved. And this, of course, arises from the peculiarities of a particular country, region or territory, a network of economies.

It is worth noting that if we consider the structural structure of legal entities registered in the Republic of Uzbekistan in the state of January 1, 2021, in terms of network types of enterprises, 38.9 per cent of industry accounted for 19.5 per cent of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries accounted for 6.4 per cent in the field of 11.8 per cent. The fact that small businesses and entrepreneurs in Uzbekistan are growing steadily, taking an important place in the economy as a whole – it is being supported in every way by the state.

We can see from the table below that in 2010-2021 in the national economy sectors, too, the share of ICT has increased steadily. In particular, the share of industry in the Republic of Uzbekistan from 18.8 percent in 2015 to 21.6 percent in 2021, 96.7 percent in agriculture, 72.4 percent in construction, 51.1 percent in the service sector (see Table 1) the share of industry in the Republic of Uzbekistan from 18.8 percent in 2021 reached 96.7 percent in

The share of small business and private entrepreneurship in economic sectors in the Republic of Uzbekistan in 2015-2021, %

Indicators	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Industry	18.8	21.9	23.1	28.1	31.7	40.6	45.3	41.2	34.7	34.9	27.5	27.0
Agriculture	97.8	97.7	97.8	98.0	98.0	98.4	98.3	98.1	98.1	98.3	97	96.7
Construction	53.1	68.6	71.1	71.5	69.5	66.7	66.1	66.2	66.6	75.4	72.4	72.4
Trade	85.1	86.7	87.3	86.6	86.3	87.1		88.3	86.3	84.3	82.2	82.1
Service	47.0	43.6	44.9	46.2	48.6	50.5	61.4	58.4	55.2	52.1	51.5	51.1
Export	13.7	18.8	14.0	26.2	27.0	27.8	26.0	22.0	2.6	28.7	20.5	22.3
Import	35.8	34.3	38.6	42.4	45.4	44.5	45.8	53.6	55.8	54.2	51.8	48.7

Regulatory mechanism for the regulation of small business and private entrepreneurship. Since we have achieved this Independence, the CEC mainly receives various laws regulating the direct and indirect regulation of small business and private entrepreneurship activities of the Republic of Uzbekistan, decrees, decisions of the president of the Republic of Uzbekistan, resolutions of the Cabinet of Ministers, legislative acts adopted by ministries and departments, agencies. In particular, the main normative-legal acts 15fevral № 207-XII-th of 1991 are the laws "on entrepreneurship in the Republic of Uzbekistan", and 19 November 1991, 425-XII-th of "on deregulation and privatization of the Republic of Uzbekistan", and to this day more than 500 different normative-legal acts related to the sphere have been adopted. On the basis of this legislation, the Resolution of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated 18.04.2017 No PD-2897 "On the establishment of the State Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan for Privatization and Development of Competition", the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated 18.04.2017 No PD-2895 Resolution of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated March 17, 2017 No. PD-2844 "On measures to further simplify the system of microcredits for business entities and the general public" and PF-5037 dated 05.05.2017 The Decree "On the establishment of the Institute of the

"Representative for the Protection of the Rights and Legal Interests of Entrepreneurs under the Government of the Republic of Uzbekistan" was an important page in the further development of small business and private entrepreneurship. Also, according to the decree of the president of the Republic of Uzbekistan № PD-2895, in the period of nearly 26 years of development of our country in the years of independence, more than 30 thousand public objects, including 6.5 thousand large and medium-sized enterprises, were sold as private property within the framework of systematic work on privatization and deregulation of property. According to the Resolution of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan No. PD-5087 "Additional measures to further improve the business environment to improve the business support system", to further improve the business environment, to continue reforms to develop entrepreneurship, to expand support mechanisms for entrepreneurs, it is planned to provide them with the necessary financial and infrastructural resources.

Conclusions and suggestions

In conclusion, it is possible to achieve the following by gradually, systematically and continuously improving the organizational and economic dimensions of the development of small business and private entrepreneurship:

- to provide a unified approach to solving the problems of development and support of small business and private entrepreneurship in the regions of our country;
- providing a unified approach to the solution of the problems of development and support of NGOs in the regions of the Republic;
- to improve the quality and durability of management solutions based on the creation and use of a single scientific and methodological supply;

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